The People's Press.

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The People's Press.

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An Unpublished Chapter of Georgia Scenes.

A FRAGMENT.

From the forthcoming second volume of the Memories of Fifty Years.

* * * * *

I have perhaps been prolix in this chapter. I could not do justice to the memory of my friends of afterdays by saying less.

Judge Augustus B Long-treet was peculiarly a humorist. He was a distinguished lawyer, equally so as a judge, and a divine of eminence. Was the President of three colleges, and eminent as a teacher and trainer of youth. Yet when the fame he earned in each and all of these vocations shall have passed from the public mind, his Georgia Scenes will preserve his name in undimmed splendor.

In the conclusion of this chapter, I must relate one of his Georgia scenes, known to but few, and which was by him narrated to me now fifty-seven years ago.

I was admitted to the bar fifty-seven years ago, in Washington, Wilkes county, Georgia. It was Sunday preceding the meeting of the Superior Court for Wilkes county that I rode with Judge Long-street from Greensborough, the village of his residence, to Washington, Wilkes county.

We had both received our legal education at the law school conducted by those eminent jurists, Tapping Reeves, the brother-in-law of Aaron Burr, and James Gould, at Litchfield, Connecticut. I had but just returned, after having completed my course, and was on my way to apply for admission to plead and practice law. We were on horseback, and the distance was short, and we rode liesurely, talking over our student experiences, and enjoying many a joke connected with names then eminent, who had been educated legally at Litchfield; all of whom have long since passed away. Of all the Georgians there educated in the law I know of but one, save myself, now left in the State, the venerable James Clark, of Atlanta, now more than eighty years of age.

As we journeyed we were, about noon, passing a farm house, which was not very far from the highway, when reining up his horse, "Old Panther," (how well I remember the noble old sorrel,) he asked me if I was hungry. Being answered in the affirmative, he continued, pointing to the house: "Yonder lives a well-to-do man. His wife is an old friend of mine, and I have a capital story to tell you, after we get our dinner, in relation to our early acquaintance. But remember, it is to be kept a profound secret. I like to tell a good story, even if it is at the expense of appearing ridiculous myself." Just as we turned from the road to go up to the house, we met a servant, who, to our inquiry, informed us that the family were absent. We turned and pursued our way to Washington.

"Now, for the story," I remarked, "it will answer for a dinner."

"I suppose so," he replied, "if the old saw is truthful which says "Laugh and grow fat."

When I was fitting for college, my father felt there was no man in Georgia so competent to the task as Father Cummings, a Presbyterian minister up here. And then I could find cheap board in the country, and be away from influences about Augusta, our home, that might keep me from studying. My father was not wealthy, and it was a pretty tight squeeze for him to spare the money for my education.

When I came up here, I found parson Cummings had more pupils than he could accommodate with board; so I was compelled to find board in the neighborhood. I did so at the house of this woman's father over here. He was a stout, staid old gentleman, with aldermanic proportions; a strict member of the church, and a regular attendant upon the weekly service. His wife was a little weasel faced woman, with a sharp nose always red at the point, and with an eye as black as a sloe and as sharp as a lancet. She rarely said much, but what she did say was sharp and to the point. Their daughter, Ann—that woman over there—was about my age, rosy, plump and pretty, and amply imbued with the spirit of mischief.

One Sabbath day, Nancy, as the family called her, was away on a visit to a neighbor, where she had spent a day or so. I did not go to church with the old people, but remained to prepare my lessons for the morrow. I knew my tutor, who was the preacher, would rather I should miss attendance at church a dozen times, than to be deficient in a recitation.

The house was one of those old-fashioned houses, yet common in Georgia, with two rooms in front, and two rooms back, shed rooms, you know, with two rooms in the attic. One of these attic rooms was Nancy's, one of the shed rooms was mine. There was a passage way between these shed rooms. The entrance from the yard in front was into the larger of these two rooms.

I was out in the yard under the shade of an apple tree, in my shirt sleeves, busily engaged in the mysteries of Virgil's Æneid, when a stroke from a switch across my shoulder made me cry out and spring from my chair, upsetting my little table, Virgil, Lexicon and all, and running away to the house was Nancy. I was half mad, for the blow was a scorcher, and after her I went determined on revenge.—Through the house we went. Nancy was fleet. O, the country girls of Georgia in that day! What strapping things they were. They never saw a corset—never wore a tight fitting shoe, and their toes were as free from corns as their fingers were from diamond rings.

Nancy had the start, but I thought I had the wind and was determined on catching her. Around the house we went, into the bed room of her parents, and out into the yard. How she laughed, and how shone her white teeth, and sparkled her great black eyes. I was gaining on her, when she ran through the house, and into my room. I followed. "Leave me alone," she said, and jumped upon my bed. I followed and caught her. Quick as a cat she slipped through my arms and leaped to the floor. "There is father and mother," she said. "What will they say to me if they find me here in your room with you? Jump into the bed and say you are sick." I did as I was bid, and lay down, bitterly complaining. She, in the meantime, caught up her hair, which, in our scuffles had been badly tumbled, and running out, met her parents coming into the house. "Father," she exclaimed, loud enough for me to hear, "cousin Gus is mighty sick." She had called me cousin from the first week of our acquaintance. The old gentleman came slowly into the room. He could not, or would not, compromise his dignity by accelerating his motions for any consideration. He was a Judge of the inferior court, and that was to be thought of in all he said or did. Nancy came in behind him, and whilst he felt my pulse, she was peeping from behind him, grinning and winking in ecstacy over my shamming. I could have murdered her. Slowly the old man continued to feel my pulse and to look wise. He shook his head gravely as he took his fingers from my pulse.

"Why Gus, my son," he exclaimed, "You must be very sick, for I never felt such a pulse in the worst of fevers." There stood Nancy, peeping and winking from behind her father in mockery. When the old man, with great gravity, asked, "Gus, how are your bowels?" Nancy jerked her head behind her father as I groaned and turned over. Turning to his daughter, the Judge said, "He is pretty sick, and needs medicine; go you and get that yaller mug, the big one—put as much senna in it as you can grasp so, (with the point of his finger upon his thumb) and fill it up with boiling water."

Nancy went, but upon reaching the door turned half round to look at us, and putting her thumb upon the tip of her nose, waved her fingers and darted away. The Judge slowly left the room, and had there been any chance for my escape from the house unobserved, I would have fled like a felon. But I was in for it, and must go through with it.

It was not long before the Judge returned with the yellow mug, brimming with senna tea, and Nancy following. He poured out a tea cup full of the tea. "Here, my son," he said, "drink this; you must take another cup full." "Here, Nancy, hold this, I must go and see the prescription, Dr. Sankey left for your mother," and he handed her the mug and cup. This was her opportunity. She sat down at the bedside and assuming the gravity of her father, asked with much sympathy, how I felt, putting on as long a face as a hypocrite at a camp meeting, and insisted on feeling my pulse. But the Judge returning said, the prescription of the doctor said two cups full at first, and one every half hour after until the bowels were relieved. Nancy stood behind, with her tongue thrust into her cheek and her eyes gleaming with mischief, as she poured out a cup full to the very rim of the nauseating stuff. I swallowed it and they left the room, but not until Nancy had given me another specimen of her affected sympathy.

That day will be remembered by me as long as I live; for go where I would, or when, Nancy was sure to be in the way and I titter.

The next morning the Judge came in. Nancy with him, to inquire after my health and feel my pulse, with the sage gravity, one might suppose, belonging to Esculapius himself. "Better, much better this morning. The medicine operated well, did it, my son? Your pulse is quite feeble. It was fortunate I came home at the time I did, for you were certainly threatened with a very severe attack; but you are well over it now. Lucky, Nancy, wasn't it? "Very," said Nancy, with a sly leer and wink at me, "nothing like a good purgative to reduce these violent attacks." "Do you feel like you could eat something, my boy?" asked the considerate Judge. "Yes, sir," I answered, emphatically, "I am very hungry." A very good sign, my boy; but you must be careful lest you have a relapse; and that might get you into trouble, and might," he added, "be fatal. These attacks, you should know, Nancy, are sometimes very dangerous with young people, with older ones they are not so frequent or so dangerous, and the scriptures say the second condition of a man under such circumstances is always worse than the first. Nancy, you have him some chicken broth made; and he must take very sparingly of it. A youth subject to these inflammatory attacks, must be depleted and should he have a return of it, blood letting may be necessary—scarcely anything else will so soon reduce such a pulse as he had yesterday."

Nancy, all this while, was behind her father, making every demonstration of mirth she could, not to be seen or heard by him, yet openly to me. I was twenty-four hours without food; had been severely sick from the senna; but now relieved from this, I could have eaten a cat or dog or anything which promised relief to the terrible cravings of my appetite. It was fully three hours before the Judge and my tormentor returned. When they came Nancy carried a large blue bowl with at least half a gallon of thin chicken water. It was meagre diet, but it was abundant, and there was in the savory broth, just one half of an old rooster with one leg jutted far above the broth, as if to ask to be lifted out of the reeking liquid. This was placed on a small table, and drawn close up to the bed. A spoon and saucer were placed near it by Nancy, who took occasion to say you must be careful not to eat the chicken. "You should not have brought the fowl with the broth," said her father. "It may tempt him, and temptation to inexperienced young people, is very dangerous, and often leads to the sin of disobedience.—'Lead us not into temptation,' you know my boy; always keep the scriptures in view; without this there are many sins too tempting to be resisted, particularly by the young."

Nancy shut one eye but with the other open laughing one—as with her father she left the room winking wickedly at me.

I at once got out of bed and locked the chamber door; when I ravenously devoured the rooster—who had not in boiling imparted much of his juices to the broth. I dipped a few spoonsfull of the liquor into the saucer, to say for me, that I had eaten some of it. I trust it was not a sin that I had made the spoon and saucer lie for me.

It was noon before I was visited again; then came the Judge and Nancy. As the Judge saw the stripped carcass of the venerable rooster afloat in the broth, in holy horror, he lifted his hands and eyes exclaiming: "You have killed yourself, Gus, and I am responsible for it.—Why did you do this? Run, Nancy, and bring me the bottle of antimonial wine and a cup and spoon." As usual, Nancy turned at the door to give me a look of mischievous triumph. She soon brought the wine and cup. I declined taking it. The Judge angrily insisted. You must have your stomach relieved, or you will bring on a relapse. I tell you my son, the disease you are suffering from is a very dangerous one; one that fires the blood and excites the pulse terribly and unless checked at once may lead to your ruin.—Take it, take it, and almost per force I swallowed the wine.

I saw that mischievous vixen dodging behind her father, and making every silent demonstration of pleased delight at my suffering, possible to her security from discovery by her father. It was not ten minutes after swallowing the wine before I became terribly sick and began to vomit.

"Hold his head Nancy," said the Judge. She was holding the basin, which she transferred to her father and placed her hands under my forehead. In doing this she let the fingers of her right hand incautiously pass over my mouth. One went into it and I seized it with a vim.—Nancy screamed, knocked over the basin from the hands of her father and sent it with all the water and my heavings up, over the floor. I was seized with an epileptic fit, shivered, groaned and bit. Nancy screamed and danced, and the Judge, frightened, exclaimed: "O, my God, the boy has a fit," ran from the room, and sent for a doctor. "Even," I said, as I released the finger. The Judge came in, flushed and frightened. "It's all over, is it Nancy?" he anxiously asked. She was wringing her hands, whilst her eyes were filled with tears.

"All over!" she exclaimed, half crying with anger and pain. "There is nothing the matter with him."—"Nothing the matter with him, indeed," said her father. "Such a convulsion as that nothing? and that pulse yesterday, nothing. Nonsense girl. I am afraid he will have congestion of the stomach."

"Congestion of the jaws, you had better say. Just look how he has bit my finger, confound him; and at the fix this floor is in. I knew there was nothing the matter with him from the first."

"Nonsense! I tell you, Nancy! That pulse yesterday could not be deceit. Why, it was thick as my little finger and beat at least two hundred times a minute, and was as strong as a horse could kick."

I slyly winked at Nancy, who flounced out of the room. After looking at my tongue and feeling my pulse, the Judge concluded that I was better, and left me. Polly, the negro woman servant, came in with a tub of water and a cloth to cleanse the floor.

"Marse Gus," she remarked, "you ain't mighty sick, is you? Master he says you has had a fit," and she laughed as she looked at me.

"What do you think, Polly?" I asked.

"Why, Marse Gus, I seed Miss Nancy when she creeped up and hit you wit dat swich yesterday, and I seed you jump up and turn over de table wid all dem books what you were readin', and you and Miss Nancy runnin' round de house; and I seed you when you cotch her on your bed just as de old folks comed. You must hab been tucken mighty quick. And yisterday, when Miss Nancy was makin' dat tea, she laughed fit to kill herself. I spects she's been foolin' you. She's mighty bad dat way."

"Make haste," said the Judge, as he came in, "the doctor will be here soon, and I don't want this floor wet when he comes."

"How do you feel now, my boy? Nancy is raving about your biting her. I tell her you didn't know what you was about. Ain't you subject to fits, Gus? Nancy says it was all sham, but I tell her that is all nonsense. You wouldn't a bit her so on purpose, I know."

In a short time the doctor came, and my case was explicitly laid before him, especially the wonderful pulses and the fit. The judge was called away, when I asked the doctor upon his honor, if he would promise never to speak of it, I would tell him a secret. He promised, and I told him the whole story—for I felt I could not stand any more physic. He laughed until he cried, and many times since have we laughed heartily over it.

We met after many years separation, in New York, in 1844, at the conference which divided the Methodist church, and spent a day together pleasantly, recalling the memories of the past, and this especial one, when I threatened to give the story to the public.

"If you please," he said, "do not do it while I live." I promised, and we parted for the last time. I have a dear memory of the kind hearted and generous old man that will only perish with my life, which is now wasting its last sands in our dear old native land. With his wife he lies buried at Oxford, Mississippi, near the home of his two children, one the wife of the distinguished L. Q. C. Lamar, and the other the wife of Dr. Henry Branham.

Y. M. C.

The Kissograph, a new invention, will enable lovers to sit ten feet apart and stealthily indulge in osculatory exercises in the presence of the old folks. This is a great desideratum, certainly, but unless each end of the instrument is sweetened with some substance forty degrees sweeter than the best refined sugar in the market, the kisses will not taste as good as if the old folks were in bed or dozing in the kitchen. Fathers and mothers should cut this out and paste it in their hats.

A Merry Drive.

SUCCESSFUL JOURNEY OF THE "TALLY-HO" COACH.

A feet in modern stage-coaching in America was accomplished on Saturday, when the "Tally-ho" successfully journeyed from New York to Philadelphia between sunrise and sunset. The coaching party, twelve in number, all members of the New York Coaching Club, promptly assembled at the Brunswick Hotel, New York, a little after six o'clock in the morning. All were dressed in the club uniform, the green cutaway coat, brass buttons and striped buff vest. Ten of the gentlemen wore the light summer tall hat. Fresh bouquets were on each horse's head, and sprigs of lilac or roses were in the left upper lapel buttonhole of the gentlemen.

At 6:40 a. m., the "tally ho" horn was sounded, and all being in readiness the start was made amid the most enthusiastic cheering on the part of the gentlemen friends of the coaching party, while the ladies at the windows clapped their hands and waved their handkerchiefs till the coach was out of sight. At the start the ribbons were handled by Delancey Kane, and amid the applause of the assembled throng the spirited horses dashed away at a merry pace down Fifth avenue, and thence by a side street to the Desbrosses street ferry.

Through the New Jersey towns the coaching party received regular ovations, hundreds of people turning out to greet them. Changes of teams were made at convenient intervals, relays of horses having been provided in advance, and changes of drivers were as frequent, each member of the party taking his turn at the lines, whilst refreshments were also provided at various points. At the head of Broad street, Philadelphia, a mounted party of ladies and gentlemen, representing the Germantown Hare and Hounds Club, met the coach and followed the coaching party. At this point there was a tremendous jam of carriages, but the Tally Ho forced a passage, Mr. Fairman Rogers, of Philadelphia, holding the lines on that stretch, and finally rattled up in front of the St. George Hotel at 6 hours 29 minutes 30 seconds, just thirty seconds ahead of the schedule time. There was a cheer from 5,000 people as the travellers dismounted from the coach and entered the St. George. They were afterwards entertained by Mr. Rogers.

Sunday afternoon the New Yorkers proceeded in coaches to the headquarters of the Rabbit Club, where a grand banquet was had.—Their appearance on the streets attracted much attention.

On a Coffee Plantation.

Coffee culture is very interesting, and the growing crop is very beautiful. The trees of maturity are from five to eight feet high; they are well shaped and bushy, with a glossy dark green foliage, and planted eight or nine feet apart. The flowers are in clusters at the root of the leaves, and are small, but pure white and very fragrant. The fruit has a rich color, and resembles a small cherry or a large cranberry; it grows in clusters, close to the branches, and when it becomes a deep red it is ripe and ready to be gathered. The trees are raised from seed, and do not begin to yield until the third year. In Central America they bear well for twelve or fifteen years, although, in exceptional cases, trees twenty years old will yield an abundance of fruit. The tree is particularly beautiful when in full bloom, or when laden with ripe fruit.

The process of preparing coffee for market is as follows: the ripe berries when picked are at first put through a machine called the "despulpador," which removes the pulp; the coffee grains, of which there are two in each berry, are still covered with a sort of glutinous suostance which adheres to the bean; they are now spread out on large "patios," made specially for this purpose, and left there, being occasionally tossed about and turned over with wooden shovels, until they are perfectly dry. They are then gathered up and put into the "retrilla," a circular trough in which a heavy wooden wheel, shod with steel, is made to revolve, so as to thoroughly break the husk without crushing the bean. The chaff is separated from the grain by means of a fanning-mill, and the coffee is now thoroughly dry and clean. After this, it is the custom of some planters to have it spread out on long tables and carefully picked over by the Indian women and children, all the bad beans being thrown out. It only remains to have it put in bags, weighed and marked, before it is ready for shipment to the port. On some of the larger plantations this process is greatly simplified with considerable saving in time and labor, by the use of improved machinery for drying and cleaning the coffee.—*Scribner's Magazine.*

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Old Editions of the Bible.

Queer titles have been given to old editions of the Scriptures. The "Bug" Bible was printed in London in 1551, by Nicholas Hyll. The nickname arose from the following: Psalm xci, 5. "So shalt thou not nede to be afraid for any *Bugges* by night," etc. The present reading is, "Thou shalt not be afraid for the terror by night," etc.

The "Breeches" Bible was printed 1560, at Geneva, and so called from that word in Gen. iii, 7.

The "Treacle" Bible was printed in 1568 by Richard Jugge. In Jeremiah viii, 22, it reads, "Is there no tryacle in Gilead?" In 1609 the word tryacle was changed for rosin, hence another edition known as the "Rosin" Bible, in which the passage reads, "Is there no rosin in Gilead?" The word balm was not introduced until 1611, and the reading, "Is there no balm in Gilead?" continues until the present time.

The "He" Bible, printed in London in 1611, by Robert Barker, takes its nickname from a curious error occurring in Ruth iii, 15, "He measured six measures of barley and laid it on her; and he went into the city." In the same year (1611) another and entirely distinct edition was printed, in which the word she was substituted for the above mentioned, and hence the name "She" Bible was given it, to distinguish it from the "He" Bible.

The "Wicked" Bible was printed in 1631, and takes its name from the very funny mistake of omitting the negative in the seventh commandment, making it read, "Thou shalt commit adultery." This extraordinary omission occurred again in a German edition of about 1732, so there is a "Wicked" Bible in German as well as English.

The "Vinegar" Bible, 1717, is so called because the headline of Luke, chapter xx, reads, "The parable of the vinegar," instead of the vineyard. The printer of this edition was one J. Baskett, of Oxford, and because of the numerous typographical faults, it was sometimes called the "Basket-full of errors."

The Death of a Generation.

A writer in an English magazine studies from birth to death the march of an English generation through life, basing his remarks on the annual report of the registrar-general. The author singles out, in imagination, a generation of one million souls, and finds that of these more than one-fourth die before they reach five years of age. During the next five years the deaths number less than one-seventh of those in the first quinquennium. From ten to fifteen, the average mortality is lower than at any other period. From fifteen to twenty the number of deaths increases again, especially among women. At this period, the influence of dangerous occupations begins to be seen in the death-rate. Fully eight times as many men as women die violent deaths. The number of such deaths continues to rise from twenty to twenty-five, and keeps high for at least twenty years. Consumption is prevalent and fatal from twenty to forty-five, and is responsible for nearly half the deaths. From thirty-five to forty-five the effects of wear and tear, begin to appear, and many persons succumb to diseases of the important internal organs. By fifty-five the imagined million has dwindled down to less than one-half, or 421,115. After this, the death-rate increases more rapidly. At seventy-five, there remain 161,124, and at eighty-five, 38,565. Only 202 reach the age of one hundred. At fifty-three, the number of men and women surviving is about equal, but from fifty-five onward the women exceed the men.—*Popular Science Monthly.*

PATRONIZE YOUR NEIGHBORS.—The growth of a neighborhood, village or town, simply is the aggregate improvement of the individual members. If every citizen would give the preference to the people of his own town in his outlays, quite an addition might be made to the number of successful men in each neighborhood. Patronize your own village blacksmith, carriage maker, mechanic and store keeper; help each other along; cultivate a pride in the progress and thrifty appearance of your own community; cast out that jealousy in a neighbor's prosperity. There is a sufficient competition in every calling to keep prices as low as can be afforded, and in nothing can the Patrons of Industry exercise a more benign influence than in the encouragement of a brotherhood in neighborhood trade and patronage.

The People's Press.

SALEM, N. C.

THURSDAY, MAY 16, 1878.

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to this office, by *note* or *account*, would confer a special favor by calling and settling, as we need money.

CLUBS.—We will club the *Press* and the *Carolina Farmer*, published in Wilmington, for $2 75 a year; or $1 50 for six months.

Latest News.

COLD WEATHER NORTH.—On Monday, there was a heavy frost in Orange County, New York, destroying considerable young vegetation. Ice formed in some localities.

At Mauch Chunk, Pennsylvania, the weather has been extremely cold with slight snows. A heavy frost did some damage to crops.

Professor Joseph Henry, Secretary of the Smithsonian Institute, died in Washington on the 13th, with Bright's disease of the kidneys.

ELECTION FRAUDS INVESTIGATION.—The Florida fraud resolutions were introduced into the House of Representatives on Monday, by Hon. Mr. Potter, of New York, demanding an investigation into the alleged frauds in Florida, at the late Presidential election.—The Republicans defeated final action by preventing a quorum, a number of Democrats being absent. The Democrats then adjourned the House, hoping to have a quorum Tuesday.

Hon. Peter Cooper, of New York, is on a tour South, looking for a location to establish a school on the plan of the famous Cooper Institute.

The Grand Lodge and Grand Encampment of I. O. O. F., met in Raleigh, on Tuesday.

The State Medical Society met in Goldsboro, on Tuesday.

Rail Road Meeting.

A large number were in attendance at the Rail Road meeting held in the Court House Tuesday. Able speeches were delivered by Messrs. Morehead, Rev. Mr. Wilson, Mr. Flournoy and others.

Committees to solicit subscriptions were appointed along the proposed route from Statesville to Danville, and it is hoped that funds sufficient will be raised in this manner to build the road.

Delegates were present from several interested counties, who gave favorable reports, and upon the whole the project meets with general favor. The spirit manifested is to keep the ball moving till the road is constructed.

The next meeting will be held in Winston on Saturday, 27th day of July.

Foreign News.

From the date of May 13, we learn that in consequence of the peremptory demand of General Todleben for the surrender of the fortresses, accompanied by a threat to occupy Constantinople, the Cabinet Council decided to evacuate all three of the fortresses, Shumla first, then Varna, and lastly Batoum. This decision was taken rather suddenly, upon the report of Osman Pasha that the Turkish army was not in a condition to resist the reoccupation of Constantinople.

The *Times'* correspondent at Constantinople, says, as usual, the palace was smitten with terror, and was ready to cede anything if the Russians would go away from Constantinople. General Todleben peremptorily urged the evacuation, but adroitly offered to fall back if the fortresses were surrendered. The bait was swallowed and the Russians have promised, so my informant assures me, to retire to Adrianople and Dedeagatch, and quit Erzeroum as soon as the three fortresses are evacuated. The evacuation will begin at once. There is to be no written Convention, and all will be settled by verbal agreement.

Florida Again.

At a recent joint meeting of the Democratic Senators and Representatives, at Washington, it was decided to make an attempt to once more bring up the Florida election case for investigation. Mr. Clarkson M. Potter was selected as the one to perform the part of introducing the motion to Congress. This reconsideration of the subject will come under the head of a question of privilege, but it is believed that it will be unsuccessful as not proceeding from the proper source.

CHARLESTON HARBOR.

A bill to improve Charleston Harbor has been favorably considered by the proper committee, at Washington. The plan as submitted by Gen. Gilmore includes a pamphlet of some 60 pages, with surveys, charts, &c. The improvement is to be a permanent one, and will be effected, if approved of by Congress, by means of jetties extending out thro' the entrance of the harbor, being at the outer extremity one half a mile apart. The depth of the harbor can in this way be increased 21 feet above its present depth. The probable cost of this enterprise will vary from $1,800,000 to $3,000,000, according to the plan adopted. It is proposed to make no annual appropriation of $500,000 for 4 years, and this proposition has been approved of by Gen. Gilmore, as being sufficient for the proposed work.

The widening and deeping of this harbor will be beneficial to a larger section than Charleston itself, for the greater the facilities for commerce to and from our ports, the more will all our industries flourish.

Doctors are to guard human life and bring relief to the sick. So does Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup, it contains nothing injurious and is always reliable. To be had at all drug stores in our city. Price 25 cents.

ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION OF EMPEROR WILHELM.

On Saturday last, the 11th inst., a dastardly attempt was made to take the life of the venerable Emperor Wilhelm, of Prussia. He was returning to the royal palace after a drive, with his daughter, the Duchess of Baden, in the carriage with him; when they had reached the street 'Unter den Linden," a young man suddenly arose in a neighboring part of the street, took deliberate aim at the Emperor and fired. The shot did not take effect, and then the would-be-assassin fired a second and a third time, each succeeding ball passing the Emperor without even inflicting a wound. During the time the firing continued, the Emperor remained perfectly calm and self-possessed, although he knew full well that the shots were fired with the deadliest intent. One of the balls, it is reported, wounded a lady who happened to be on the street just then, but besides this, no one else was injured. The would-be murderer then dashed off, when he saw that his attempt was in vain, but had proceeded only a few paces, when he was arrested. A desperate attempt was made by an accomplice to rescue him, but both were secured. According to one dispatch the criminals name is Hoedel, according to another, Lehmann; he is from Leipsic.

During the remainder of the day, the greatest demonstrations of joy were indulged in by the people, who fairly besieged the palace, and insisted on their beloved sovereign showing himself again and again. The ministers of the various countries also expressed their congratulations that the sovereign had escaped so great a danger unhurt.

It was certainly a great and fortunate event for Prussia, yea for the entire European continent that the life of this great ruler was not thus quickly destroyed; for the empire which he has founded, is not yet fully established, and requires yet time to strengthen many things connected therewith. From another point of view, Germany holds a peculiar position relative to the present European complications, and the death of Emperor Wilhelm would have been a sad catastrophe in the critical juncture which affairs have just now attained.

The object which caused the man to make this attempt at assassination is not known, but it is supposed that religious fanaticism is the underlying source of the affair.

THE LABOR PARTY.

The National Labor party met at Philadelphia, on the 8th inst., and the Convention nominated a full ticket. The name of the party was changed from "The National Labor Party," to "The National Greenback Labor Party."

The meetings of the party were for the most part peaceable, though on the second day there were some signs of disturbances.

It was claimed that in 1876 they received only 5,000 votes in the State of Pennsylvania, that the year '77 saw the number increased to 55,000, and that with firm organization they might reasonably expect to be successful in carrying their ticket in the next election.

The principles underlying their platform are, generally speaking, the following: The country demands inflation, more money, and that not based upon the value of two metals only, but upon property generally throughout the country; money enough should be issued to restore business to its former life.

The eight hour system of work is urged as one of the features of the organization. "Women's rights" also plays quite a prominent part,—it being claimed that all the civil and political rights accorded to men should be shared in by women.

The State Executive Committee of the National Labor Party in Maine has called for a convention to be held in that State in the near future.

THE FENIANS.

Not only has rumor placed Canada in a precarious position recently, on account of the mysterious Russian men-of-war hovering around the coasts of the New England States, which were apparently only awaiting the first declarations of hostilities between England and Russia, but according to late reports this same province of England is threatened, and more directly too, from another quarter. The Fenians throughout the United States are arming themselves and drilling in almost every large Northern and Western city, preparing to invade Canada, if war is declared. In a dispatch from Syracuse, N. Y., it is claimed by Col. Mulligan that 100,000 men can be relied on to appear and invade the province at 30 hours' notice. Buffalo has 2,000 men ready, Cleaveland 1,500, and so on. Money seems to be no object, as dispatches from some of the Western cities state that any amount can be furnished. One citizen in Cleaveland gave $25,000 for the purchase of arms. Energetic preparations, both as to procuring arms and drilling, are going on.

Fourteen persons were convicted, fined and imprisoned, at Statesville Court, for handling blockade whiskey, of whom the following were sent to Morganton jail: Andy Ingle, Jno. Kuyser, William Aiken, Asbury Roper and Pinkney Abee. The two latter for two months, and the former for six months each.—William Fox and Jno. Cain were imprisoned at Newton. Fox for six months and Cain for thirty days.—*Morganton Blade.*

Wanted—By every one who has an intelligent conception of its value—Health. Health depends upon the possession of pure blood; and pure blood is the possession of those who use Dr. Bull's Blood Mixture, acknowledged as a superior blood purifier.

The University.

Eighteen counties have availed themselves of the privilege of appointing students of the University free of charge. To induce the others, if possible to act, President Battle has sent blank forms of appointment to the Board of County Commissioners, with the following explanation:

CHAPEL HILL, N. C., May 7th, 1878.

To the Chairman of the Board of Commissioners of the County of .....

The attention of your Board is called to the provisions of Section 2, Chapter II, of an Act of the General Assembly, ratified February 11th, 1867, entitled "An Act to transfer the Land Scrip given by the United States to the State of North Carolina," authorizing each County to send a student to the University, free of charges for tuition and room rent, on the following conditions:

1st. That he be a native of the State.

2d. That he be a resident of the County by which he is sent.

3d. That he be of good moral character.

4th. That he be of good capacity for usefulness.

5th. That he be without the requisite means to defray the necessary expenses of education.

6th. That he be prepared for admission into one of the classes of the University.

It will be noticed that the appointee must be prepared to defray all expenses except tuition and room rent.

It is earnestly requested that care shall be taken to appoint no one who is able to pay all expenses, as otherwise he may take the place of one better entitled under the law.

If any meritorious young man shall desire admission into the University, who cannot pay his tuition and room rent, and is unable to obtain the County appointment, he should make application for admission directly to the Faculty, who will be, as heretofore, as liberal as the means of the University will allow.

By Section 4 of said Act, it will be seen that those wishing to study the branches related to Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts, may be admitted into the University without standing an examination in Latin and Greek. Such persons shall sustain an approved examination in Arithmatic, Geography and Grammar.

It is very important that students shall join the University at the beginning of the first session, viz.: the last Thursday in August of each year; but the Faculty will admit them at later periods if they are properly qualified.

Very respectfully,

KEMP P. BATTLE, President.

Forty-Fifth Congress.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—The Senate passed the bill to repeal the bankrupt law, amended so that it should take effect on the 1st of September instead of 1st of January. The following is the bill in full:

That the bankrupt law approved March 2, 1867, title 61, Revised Statutes, and an act entitled an act to amend and supplement an act entitled an act to establish a uniform system of bankruptcy throughout the United States, approved March 2, 1867, and for other purposes, approved June 32, 1874, and all acts and amendments supplementary thereto, or in explanation thereof, be and the same are hereby repealed; *Provided, however*, That such repeal shall in no manner invalidate or affect any case in bankruptcy instituted or pending in any court prior to the day when this act shall take effect. But as to all such pending cases, and all future proceedings therein, and in respect to all pains, penalties and forfeitures which shall have been incurred under any of said acts prior to the day when this act takes effect, or may be thereafter incurred under any of those provisions of any of said acts when for the purposes named in this act are kept in force; and all penal actions and criminal proceedings for a violation of any of said acts, whether then pending or thereafter instituted, and in respect of all rights of debtors and creditors, (except the right of commencing original proceedings in bankruptcy) and all rights of, and suits by or against assignees, under any or all of said acts, in any matter or case which shall have arisen prior to the day when this act takes effect, (which shall be on the first day of September, A. D., 1878) or in any matter or case which shall arise after this act takes effect, in respect of any matter of bankruptcy authorized by this act, to be proceeded with after said last named day, the acts hereby repealed shall continue in full force and effect, until the same shall be fully disposed of, in the same manner as if said acts had not been repealed. The bill goes back to the House for concurrence and amendment.

HOUSE.—Mr. Cabell, of Virginia, from Committee on Railways and Canals, reported bill to aid the Dismal Swamp Canal Company in improving its canal. It guarantees the Government to payment of interest on the bonds of the Company to an amount not exceeding $400,000. Referred to Committee of the Whole.

The Committee of the Whole to-day was the scene of a long, excited and at times angry discussion. A bill on the private calendar for the relief of Richard Heater, of Virginia, gave rise to the debate, but the measure under consideration was soon lost sight of and the time of the Committee was consumed in speeches in regard to war claims in general. White, of Pennsylvania, and Hilton, of Virginia, entered into an excited colloquy about the treatment of prisoners of war in Libby prison and Andersonville. Turner, of Kentucky, precipitated himself into the discussion, and for a few moments there was a scene of great uproar and confusion. Finally the Committee rose and the bill was passed.

The members of the Joint Democratic caucus committee, together with the Democratic members of the House Judiciary Committee, and other prominent Democratic representatives, including Messrs. Springer, Finley and Williams, of Michigan, who have had in immediate charge the subject of the alleged Florida Presidential frauds, after consultation with Speaker Randall to-day, reached the conclusion that an investigation of matters connected with the subject is not a question of privilege, and that therefore nothing can be done except in the regular order of business. Consequently, it was determined that the proposition should come from the Judiciary Committee, when it shall again be called for reports for action by the House. The committee will then ask for authority to investigate all the facts in relation to the last election of members of Congress and Presidential electors in the State of Florida, with a view of ascertaining whether the statements of McLin and others are true. The investigation is to be confined to these points only, and without reference to the question of the Presidential title.

Kernersville Letter.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—In the last *Press* I see a notice of the death of our neighbor, Mr. Thompson Smith. He lived in the "big brick house," three miles from Kernersville, on the road leading to Salem, and his burying was on Wednesday, the 8th inst., at Friends' Delight. Elder Reidelhammer preaching the funeral, and all the country around was in attendance. In Mr. Smith's death the community has sustained a real loss, as he was one of our best citizens, and the sympathy of the entire neighborhood is with the afflicted family.

This morning, May 13th, is comfortable sitting by the fire. The wheat crop around town is looking fine. Mr. J. W. Beard has a lot of about ten acres, the most of which was in sedge two years ago, which is waist high now, and on the ground as thick as it can stand.—Last summer he sowed it in peas, and turned them under, and then sowed his wheat with a drill, using fertilizer. He has also a beautiful lot of clover, about 8 acres, and that in most places is half as high as a man. Mr. Beard says that is the only way you can make fertilizer pay, and in that way it will pay. Last year he sowed two and a half acres of bottom in millet and cut eighteen good loads of hay from the piece; it had been in meadow and became too wet, and for several years had only brought rushes, until Mr. Beard bought it and ditched it, and the millet crop was the first crop raised on it, no manure or fertilizer being used. Now the same piece is in wheat and clover, and looks well. Dr. E. Kerner also has a fine lot in wheat.

Our municipal election resulted in the choice of Dr. A. D. Lindsey, for Mayor, *Commissioners*, Israel Kerner, Joseph Arnold, J. S. Ray, Anderson Lewis and William Stockton.

Profess'r J. S. Ray has resumed his Normal School. He opens at the coming of the swallows, and closes about the time they "homeward fly."

Some weeks ago there were some lady visitors with Prof. Ray, from New Hampshire, near the White Mountains; they were in extacies over our climate, and agreed that North Carolina must be a pleasant place to live; and among other places, some of them went to Salem and looked around, and among the rest went through the "Academy," and were highly pleased with their visit and loud in their praises in regard to their reception at the hands of Professor Zorn, the new Principal, and from what I hear, he makes a good impression upon strangers generally.

Mr. Gentry has got his saw mill running, down at the depot; and it takes but a little time to turn the logs that are brought into the desired lumber. Dr. Kerner is busy finishing his grist mill, and expects to have it running before long. "Old Charley," his riding horse, died last week; poor fellow. He went blind some time ago, and the Dr. had to get another horse and he was turned over to the *tender mercies* of the darkies and put to the plow; he had been a very proud horse, and, apparently, the degradation was such that he could not stand it,—it possibly broke his heart;—at any rate, he died, and with this I'll close up for this week. C. L. R.

Kernersville, N. C., May 13, 1878.

State Convention of the Young Men's Christian Association.

OFFICE OF THE STATE EX. COM. OF YOUNG MEN'S CH'R. ASSO.,
CHARLOTTE, N. C., May 9, 1878.

At the first annual convention of the Young Men's Christian Association of the State of North Carolina, held in the city of Charlotte in April of last year, the undersigned were appointed members of an executive committee to overlook association work throughout the State, to foster and encourage existing associations, and to effect organizations in new localities whenever practicable. Our efforts have met with some degree of success, and while we do not claim all the growth and development of the work as the direct result of our labors, we are nevertheless greatly cheered by the fact that the number of associations in the State has more than doubled during the past year. We deem it, therefore, our duty and privilege to call the second annual convention of the Y. M. C. A. of the State of North Carolina, and have appointed Friday, June 14th, as the time, and Greensboro as the place for holding said convention. The business session will continue during Friday and Saturday, and on Sunday following, devotional exercises will be held under the auspices of the convention. Our brethren of the Greensboro association have given us a cordial invitation to assemble there and assure us that we will receive a hearty welcome. We are anxious to have every association in the State represented by one or more members. There are also many localities in which no formal organizations have been effected where the young men, if properly stimulated and instructed, would unite in association work. We would gladly meet in convention representative men from all such communities, feeling assured that many of them would be emboldened on their return homes to organize an association. The committee request that the names of all delegates who expect to attend the convention be promptly forwarded to T. M. Pittman, Secretary, Charlotte, N. C., in order that arrangements may be made for their entertainment. Application has been made to the various railroad officials in the State for a reduction of fare to delegates attending the convention, and we presume the usual courtesies will be extended. A programme of the order of exercises to be observed during the convention will be issued in the form of a circular, and parties desiring information as to the railroad rates, or on any other subject, will please address the Secretary at Charlotte, N. C.

I. H. FOUST, *Chairman.*
T. M. PITTMAN, *Secretary.*

AN OUTLAW.—Thos. Wright, of Chatham, who has defied the laws for a long time and is accredited with no less than four rapes, two of which were committed on the same day, sent word to the Sheriff not to try to arrest him if he ever expected to appear before the people again for their suffrages. He has a very fleet horse which he has trained to fall on the ground at command. The Sheriff, being informed that he would attend a sale at H. H. Henderson's, secreted himself in the store on the night previous and ordered three deputies to follow him into dech use when he should make his appearance there the next day. This plan was successfully carried out. The Sheriff pulled down on him and ordered him to throw up his hands. When he was brought into the town in custody he made his horse go through several of his tricks for the amusement of the crowd. He is also accused of the murder of an old woman in the town of Pittsboro. It is a relief to the Chatham people that this cool and deliberate fiend is safe within the four walls of the jail.—*Raleigh Observer.*

The Lutherans.

Meeting of the Synod of North Carolina—The Business of the Synod—An Immense Congregation on the Sabbath.

Correspondence of the Raleigh News.

COMPANY SHOPS, May 6th, 1878.—The Lutheran Synod of North Carolina met at Prechands' Church, near Gibsonville, Guilford county, on Wednesday, May 1st, inst. This Synod embraces the whole of the State, and has twenty-four ordained ministers, nearly all of whom were in attendance. There were about twenty-five Lay Delegates present. Rev G D Bernheim, D D, of Wilmington, is President of the Synod, and the Rev. L A Bickle, D D, of Concord, is Secretary. Outside of the regular business of the Synod, there was but little else of special interest. On the Sabbath there was an immense congregation of people from almost all sections of Guilford and Alamance, and other counties. There were not less than twenty-five hundred souls present. At 11 o'clock, a. m., the Rev. B. Davis, D D., one of the State lecturers for the Grange, preached an able sermon in the new church; The Rev. Prof. S. Rahn, of the North Carolina College, in the same church at 3:30 p. m. The Rev. W. R. Petra, of Mt. Pleasant, preached in the old church at 11 a. m.; the Rev. Wm. A. Lutz, of Winston, in the grove church at 3:30 p. m. The Rev. Mr. Kretcher discoursed in the grove at 11 o'clock, a. m. Two ministers were ordained on the Sabbath.

In the Register's office in the Court House, at Raleigh, is a record of a grant to Capt. John Madaris, of the Continental Line, of 3,840 acres of land in Davidson county. This was given him for his signal bravery in the war of the Revolution. The paper is signed by Governor Richard D. Ipe Speight, at the then capital of Newbern, and is dated 1793.—*Raleigh News.*

THE MARKETS.

BACON AND LARD:	
Western Sides,	6½ to 0
Country,	7 to 7½
Shoulders,	7 to 8
Hams,	8 to 10
Lard,	9 to 11
GRAIN:	
Corn,	45 to 50
Wheat,	$1 00 to 1 10
Oats,	35 to 40
Flour super (100 lbs)	2 25 to 0 00
" family "	2 50 to 2 75
Meal, "	1 25 to 00
Chops, "	1 00 to 00
Rice, Carolina,	10 to 12
Flax Seed per bush.,	0 00 to 0 90
PRODUCE	
Apples, green,	00 to 1 00
Eggs,	00 to 10
Butter,	20 to 25
Feathers,	40 to 50
Beeswax,	0 to 28
Potatoes, Sweet,	60 to 75
" Irish,	50 to 1 00
Hay,	40 to 50
Orchard Grass (per bushel)	3 25
Millet Seed (per lb.)	8

Winston Tobacco Market.

REPORTED BY A. E. GORRELL, Dealer in Leaf Tobacco.

Lugs, Dark	$1 50 to $2 50
" Red	2 60 to 3 00
Bright Lugs, Common,	3 00 to 4 50
" " Good,	5 00 to 8 50
" " Fine,	10 00 to 15 00
" " Fancy,	16 00 to 18 00
Red Leaf Common,	3 00 to 4 00
" " Good,	4 50 to 7 50
" " Fine	8 00 to 12 00
Dark Wrappers,	10 00 to 14 00
Bright Wrappers, Common,	12 00 to 16 00
" " Medium,	16 00 to 20 00
" " Fine,	25 00 to 40 00
" " Fancy,	40 00 to 60 00
Mahogany Wrappers,	18 00 to 45 00

According to quality.

CHARLOTTE, May 10.—Flour $2 50a $2 75 per sack. Wheat $1 10 a $1 20. Corn 55c. Bacon 5½ a 6½. Butter 16 a 18c. Eggs 10 a 12c.

FAYETTEVILLE, May 8.—Bacon 6½ a 8c. Flour $5 a $5 50. Corn 55c. Wheat $1 20 a $1 30. Oats 35c a 40c. Lard 9 a 10. Whisky $2 00 a $2 25. Brandy $2 25.

NEW YORK, May 13. Flour 3 00 a 4 75. Wheat 1 20 a 1 25. Corn 43 a 44.

BALTIMORE, May 11.—Flour 4 a 4½; wheat $1.20 a $1.30. Corn 51 a 52.

S. E. ALLEN,

WHOLESALE RETAIL DEALER IN

HARDWARE,

AND

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Iron,
Nails,
Stoves,
Window Glass,
Sash,
Blinds and Doors,

OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE,

WINSTON, N. C.

HAS ALSO A FULL LINE OF

ACORN COOKING

AND

HEATING STOVES.

GET THE BEST.

ACORN WOOD COOK

AND

HEATER.

WE ARE NOW RECEIVING OUR

SPRING STOCK,

and offer to our friends the newest and most fashionable

STYLES OF DRESS GOODS,

PRINTS, FANCY GOODS, NOTIONS, HOSIERY, TABLE LINENS, &c., &c., &c.

Zeigler's fine

SHOES

for Ladies and Children.

And many other fresh and useful goods at greatly reduced prices.

PATTERSON & CO.

Salem, N. C., March 14, 1878.

NEW

Sewing Machine.

WHARTON, WHARTON & JONES, Sole Agents for North Carolina for the NEW DAVIS VERTICAL FEED, SHUTTLE, SEWING MACHINE.

It has no MACHINERY BELOW. Nothing to GET OUT OF ORDER.

We also supply ANY OTHER of the first class Sewing Machines and Agricultural Implements, LOW FOR CASH.

SEND YOUR CASH ORDERS or write to

WHARTON, WHARTON & JONES,
Agents for Davis Machine,
Salem, N. C.

"EVERYBODY'S"

Vegetable Cathartic

PILLS.

We make and are able to establish the following claims for this Pill over all others: 1st. That it is the best purgative compound offered to the public. 2nd. That it is not a Patent Medicine, because we furnish all Regular Physicians with the "*Recipe*" when called upon. 3rd. That it is a Vegetable Compound, has no Calomel. 4th. That while it is one of the mildest of known Cathartics, yet it is the most certain and reliable. 5th. That for style in which we prepare it, there is no Pill before the public so cheap. 6th. That for the length of time it has been in use, and the amount expended for advertising, we sell more of them than any other Pill made in the United States. 7th. That we can offer stronger testimonials from Physicians, Merchants and intelligent citizens, than can be shown for any Pill (we append one only for want of space). 8th. And finally, that we claim for our Pill that it is the only one outside of the United States Dispensatory that is made directly from the "*Recipe*" of regular graduates in medicine, after a practical test of many years in a large practice. You will find them in the hands of Physicians, Druggists and General Dealers. Price 25 cents per bottle of 24 pills or 50 cents per 100, sugar-coated. Made only by

BOYKIN, GARNER & CO.

We refer you for their merit, to the highest authority in our land, as follows:

Prof J J Mooreman, Emeritus Prof Washington University, Md.
Prof Ed Warren, Emeritus Prof Washington University, Md.
Prof H L Byrd, College of Physicians and Surgeons, Md.
Prof S E Claggett, Washington University of Md.
Dr H Black, of Va. Dr. Edward Campbell, Va. Dr J E Byrd, of S C. Drs D D Sloan, R F Lewis, L Hussey, Jno A Collins, J W Blount, C A Thomas, A H Macnair, G M Roberts, E A Covington, Peter Stancell, J S Taft, C T Murphy, J S Murphy, of N C. Dr W McMillan, of S C. With hundreds of others. The above is sufficient.

CERTIFICATE OF A VIRGINIA GENTLEMAN OF PROMINENCE:

BOYDTON, Va., December 1st, 1873.

Gentlemen—I have been a great sufferer for several years with Liver Complaint and general Debility, and at times troubled with immense pain in the regions of my liver. I have had the attendance of the best Medical men to be had here, but without any permanent relief. I was at last advised to try "Everybody's" Pills, and I feel no hesitation in saying that one bottle did me more good than all the other Medicine I had taken before. I now feel entirely relieved; the pain having left me, I have a good appetite; and what I can agree with me. I have no hesitation in saying that I owe my good health, perhaps my life, to the use of "Everybody's" Pills.

Very Respectfully,
E. A. DAVIS.

BOYDTON, Va., December 1st, 1878.

Gentlemen—It gives me great pleasure to testify to the high character of Mr. E. A. Davis, whose name appears in the foregoing Certificate. I know from my own personal knowledge that Mr. Davis was in wretched health, and used "Everybody's" Pills, which I have on sale. They are gaining greater popularity than any Pill I ever saw in a short time. Very truly yours,

THOMAS H. BOYD.

We are prepared to furnish you with hundreds of others, but they do not require certificates.

REID'S SEEDS. Send $1 for 33 pkts. Flower Seeds, 15 for 50c., 7 for 25c., or 25 pkts. Veg's for $1. 12 for 50c. The FLORAL TRIBUTE, a 100 page Floral work with colored plate, 10c. with either of the above packages seeds, two years free. Stamps good as cash.
W. B. REID, Rochester, N. Y.

TRUSSES!

The Jones' Ventilated Trusses and Supporters

are the Easiest, Safest and Best in the world. Now on exhibition and for sale only by

DR. V. O. THOMPSON.
Winston, N. C., Jan. 31, 1878.—5-4m.

PAY UP.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE late firm of R. A. WOMMACK & CO. will please call at the office of FOGLE BROS., and settle, as longer indulgence cannot be given.

Dr. V. O. Thompson,

Druggist & Pharmaceutist,

Winston, N. C.

HAS THE Oldest and Largest Drug House in Winston. He is constantly increasing and improving his stock.

Goods are sold as cheap as any reliable house can sell.

Particular attention paid to compounding medicines.

Call on us before purchasing.

PAINTS, OILS & DYE-STUFFS

A SPECIALTY.

November 29, 1877. 12 mos.

SOMETHING NEW AND GOOD.

"Perfection blend" of MOCHA and JAVA COFFEE. Not an adulterated ground Coffee, but the *choicest* COFFEE, exquisitely roasted and packed, whole, while warm, in a three pint air-tight fruit jar. All the aroma and strength retained. Consumers able to keep it in perfection until used.

FRUIT JARS SOLD AT COST.

For sale by
E. A. EBERT.
Salem, N. C., Feb. 1878.

BIRTHDAY CARDS, of elegant and appropriate designs and mottos, just received at the SALEM BOOKSTORE.

CHROMOS Cheap Cheaper Cheapest At the BOOKSTORE.

MISS ILDREWS LANGUAGE OF FLOWERS is considered the best work of the kind. In plain board binding. Price 50 cents, at the SALEM BOOKSTORE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SWEET CAPORAL Chewing JACKSON'S BEST NAVY Tobacco

Be sure to send for our LATEST Catalogue and Circulars with NEW STYLES, REDUCED PRICES and much information. Sent free. MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO., Boston, New York or Chicago.

FOWLER & FULTON,
GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE
U. S. CARTRIDGE CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
Solid Head, Reloading Military and Sporting, Central Fire
CARTRIDGES!
Also Rim Fire Ammunition for Pistols and Rifles, Cartridge Cases, Swaged and Patched Bullets, Primers, Re-loading Tools, &c., &c. Send for Illustrated Catalogue. 300 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

SAW MILL MEN. If you need a good SAW-GUMMER or SAW TOOTH SWAGE, write to J. W. MIXTER SAW TOOL CO. (Agents Wanted.) TEMPLETON, MASS.

For Pamphlet address Dr. SANFORD, New York.

Before Buying or Renting a CABINET OR PARLOR ORGAN

Be sure to send for our LATEST Catalogues and Circulars with NEW STYLES, REDUCED PRICES and much information. Sent free. MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO., Boston, New York or Chicago.

THE CO-OPERATIVE NEWSPAPERS.

It has been asserted that one-half of all money paid by New York advertisers for advertising outside of that city, goes to the Co-operative Newspapers.

If this statement is true there is no occasion for surprise that prominent papers which are still charging war prices for advertising feel called upon to abuse a rival with which they find themselves unable to maintain a competition.

Full particulars about the Co-operative Newspapers, together with catalogues and advertising rates mailed free on application to BEALS & FOSTER, General Agents AMERICAN NEWSPAPER UNION, 10 Spruce Street, N. Y.

40 MIXED CARDS, with name, 10c. Agents' outfit, 10c. L. JONES & CO., Nassau N. Y.

ORGANS retail price $230 only $85. Pianos retail price $510 only $135. Great bargains. BEATTY Washington, N. J.

25 Fancy Cards, Snowflake Damask, assorted in 25 styles, with name, 10 cents. Nassau Card Co., Nassau, N. Y.

TO PLANTERS.

Fifty tons partly decomposed Hog Hair, used with success in Tobacco, Corn and Grass, price $18 per ton, in bags. Shell Lime, in bags—40 bushels to the ton—12 cents per bushel. BOWEN & MERCER, 72 Exchange Place, Baltimore.

PIANO & ORGAN War Over. LUDDEN & BATES hold the field and compete with the world. 1,000 Superb Instruments from Reliable Makers at Factory Rates. Every man his own agent. Bottom prices to all. NEW PIANOS, $135, $150, $179. NEW ORGANS, $40, $50, $67. Six years guarantee. Fifteen days trial. Makers' name on all instruments. Square dealing, the honest truth, and best bargains in the U. S. From $30 to $100 actually saved in buying from LUDDEN & BATES, SOUTHERN WHOLESALE PIANO AND ORGAN DEPOT, SAVANNAH, GA.

FEMALES DR. MARCHISI'S UTERINE CATHOLICON will positively cure Female Weakness, such as Falling of the Womb, Whites, Chronic Inflamation or Ulceration of the Womb, Incidental Hemorrhage or Flooding, Painful, Suppressed and Irregular Menstruation, &c. An old reliable remedy. Send postal card for a pamphlet, with treatment, cures, and certificates from physicians and patients, to HOWARTH & BALLARD, UTICA, N. Y. Sold by all Druggists—$1.50 per bottle.

HEARING RESTORED. GREAT INVENTION by one who was DEAF for 20 YEARS. Send stamp for particulars. JNO. GARMORE, Lock Box 69, Madison, Indiana.

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED! Try PULMONA. Ask your druggist for it.

ALWAYS READY WITH SEASONABLE GOODS.

THE UNDERSIGNED having secured the old stand of PFOHL & STOCKTON, has filled it with a very handsome and FRESH STOCK OF GENERAL MERCHANDISE, CONSISTING OF DRY GOODS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS, *Notions, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, Drugs, Dye-Stuffs, Crockery, Hardware, Stationery, &c.* which I offer to the public AT REDUCED PRICES. Country produce taken in exchange for goods at market rates.

E. A. EBERT
Salem, N. C., April, 5th, 1877.—14-tf.

ED M. BLUM, I. A. BLUM
Edmund Blum & Co.
COPPERSMITHS and MANUFACTURERS of TINWARE.
Also TIN ROOFING and GUTTERING done.

We do all kinds of SHEET IRON work.
REPAIRING of any kind in our line of business, executed promptly.
We pay the highest prices for all kinds of OLD COPPER and PEWTER.
Country produce taken in exchange for work or ware.
Country merchants will do well to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.
Thankful for past favors we solicit a continuance of the same.
OUR ACTIVE MOTTO: BEST. 15 minutes walk from the court house, Winston, N. C.
Jan. 3, 1878.—6m.

The People's Press.

THURSDAY, MAY 16, 1878.

JOB PRINTING, OF *every description done at this Office, in First Class style and at reasonable rates.*

LOCAL ITEMS.

JUDGE CLOUD is stopping in Winston.

NEW ADS.—Administrator's Notice.—First National Bank Report.

"COOL MAY for abundant harvest," the old saying is.

A NEW LAMP has been recently put up near the race bridge.

JAMES D. SUMNER is the business manager of the Central Hotel.

JOHN WIMMER, jr., is now acting as assistant Express Agent.

EARLY May cherries are coming in.—Beware of unripe fruit.

Hon. F. E. SHOBER, of Salisbury, is in town. The guest of B. F. Crosland.

TOM PFOHL has been re-elected chief of the police force of Winston.

PATENT MEDICINE men are infesting Winston with their wonderful cures.

THE Post Office at Florence, Davie County, has been discontinued.

WEATHER very cool for the past few days, and fires not uncomfortable.

A SLIGHT sprinkle of hail Tuesday morning.

MABLE PLAYING is becoming a favorite pastime among the boys.

THE exterior of Moravian Church Treasurer's Office is receiving a fresh coat of paint.

THE newly elected Mayor and Board of Commissioners took the oath of office Thursday night.

SALEM and Winston need a good cooper. First rate opportunity to establish a good business.

WE omitted in our list of Tax Assessors last week Broadbay township, for which District Charles Rothrock was appointed.

SEVERAL of our physicians are in attendance at the State Medical Convention, in session at Goldsboro.

Mrs. JOHN FOLTZ presented us with the finest strawberries we have seen this season. Thanks.

JOHN BROWN, the keeper of the Court-House, has cleared the Square of all rubbish.

THERE were twenty-three arrivals at the Central Hotel on Monday and fifteen on Tuesday.

LASH'S WAREHOUSE will have a prize sale of tobacco on Tuesday, 4th of June. A shower of silver as premiums.

SEVERAL of the county prisoners at work on the Water Supply, have served their time of imprisonment.

ONE pile of Tobacco sold at the Piedmont Warehouse for $35 per hundred, amounting to over $400. The largest amount yet realized for one pile.

A STRAY white and black spotted dog taken up. With full description the owner may have him by calling on

G. H. RIGHTS.

RUST is damaging wheat considerably, is is said. But at this season of the year there is always more or less complaint. The best of old wheat is only worth $1.10

HANGING BASKETS made of Sweet Gum balls, are very pretty ornaments, and are easily made by boiling the balls and stringing them on wire or twine.

SOLD.—James Garboden has disposed of his recently purchased property, (Lott's Grocery stand,) to Jesse Reed, residing a few miles below town.

FRIDAY was Memorial Day, which, in many portions of the South, was observed with grand and impressive ceremonies over the graves of the Confederate dead.

COURT adjourned Tuesday afternoon, and the Court-House was appropriated to the use of the Railroad and Democratic Convention meeting.

PIEDMONT WAREHOUSE sold, on the 14th inst., six piles of tobacco, weighing 2,232 lbs. for $841.30, making an average of $37.69 per hundred.

JOHN H. MASTEN left for Raleigh Monday, representing the I. O. O. F., and also the Encampment at a session of State Lodge, which meets in that city this week.

FROGS—The nightly chorus of frogs, from the neighboring ponds, entice the giggers forth. They usually return well laden with a choice breakfast of "bull frog shanks."

THE drama "10 Nights in a Bar Room," was well rendered Tuesday night, at Tise's Hall, by the Lodge of Good Templars. Inclement weather prevented many from attending, although the Hall notwithstanding was well filled.

CHEAP JOHN.—readers of a little of everything.—work on the pocket books around the Court-House this week.

NEW RESIDENCE.—Chas. Fogle has commenced the foundation work of his new residence, on the lot adjoining W. A. Lemly's.

Rev. Mr. MOORE, of the American Bible Society, paid the towns a visit last week, discoursing in several of the churches.

THE martins and blue birds wage war on each other for their summer homes. Shot guns in the martins' favor generally decide the contest.

Since the stoppage of so many distilleries in Yadkin and Davie Counties, we learn grain sells extremely low, and cannot be sold for cash, at this time, in Davie County, at any price.

A PARDON from Gov. Vance was granted to Samuel Clark, of Davidson County, last week, on recommendation of the Judge. The prisoner was sentenced for larceny to 5 years, having served 3 of his term.

Some of the young hopefuls in their sports, along the race, bathing, etc., are proving quite a nuisance. They pull off the railing from fences, and throw them into the stream, to which the owners seriously object. Don't do it, boys.

CALL at the sign of the RED-HOT STOVE, when you visit Winston, there you will find our friend, S. E. ALLEN, with his corps of accommodating clerks, ready to serve you with any thing in the Hardware line, you may want. †

BETHANY HIGH SCHOOL.—Our Cornet Band will make music for the Commencement at Bethany High School, on the 28th inst. The new school house, a more commodious building, will be so far completed as to be used on the occasion. Prof. H. W. Pegram, of Trinity College, will deliver the address.

LAST Wednesday, a horse attached to a buggy Mr. Jas. T. Linebeck was driving, took frigh in Winston, and ran away, smashing up the vehicle, generally. We are glad Mr. L. escaped uninjured, with only a few bruises.

THE fruit crop promises to be abundant, and already the small fruits are being put on the market. The ladies will soon be busy making preserves, and as a matter of course, some will need new preserving-kettles. S. E. ALLEN, of the Winston Hardware Store, has them, of all sizes, and is selling them cheap. †

OFF FOR PARIS.—Messrs. Henry W. and F. H. and Henry E. Fries, left Tuesday morning for the Paris Exposition, and a tour of the Old World. They will sail from New York harbor on the 22nd inst., in the steamer "Algeria," of the Cunard Line. A pleasant trip and our best wishes attend them.

During the month of April the following post-offices were established in this section alone, which proves that our Representatives are alive to the interests of their State: Bringle's Ferry, Davidson County; Millers Creek, Wilkes County; Alpine and Ashland, Surry County.

$50 REWARD.—Parties were in town posting bill, and seeking information of a fine iron gray mare, stolen from the stable of H. P. Lomax, Aspen Grove, Rockingham County, on the night of the 10th inst. $50 reward for horse and thief.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION, at Mt. Tabor, Saturday and Sunday, called together many interested in the work. Prof. Trawick, of Kernersville, preached the sermon, Sunday, which was a well-timed and eloquent discourse. Pleasant weather and good order favored the Convention.

WE noticed a little girl the other day, daughter of David Ainsley, who had her arm injured in a somewhat peculiar way. She and her mother were killing a chicken, the girl holding the fowl while her mother was to cut its head off with an axe. As the blow was descending, the parent, to rid herself of a sight, so repulsive, closed her eyes, and instead of killing the chicken, unfortunately struck the arm of the child, just above the wrist, severing the leaders and causing a very painful wound.

WATER-WORKS.—Trenches are being dug for laying the water supply piping. They extend from the reservoir on Fogle Bros. lot to Main Street; thence up to C. S. Hauser's residence, and as far down as the Salem Hotel. Pipes will also be laid along 1st and 3d Cross Street westward, to Agricultural Works and Fries' Factory. The Academy will be furnished with water on several floors from this source. From present indications, the officers of the company have certainly matured plans for furnishing abundance of water, at the least possible expense.

COURT WEEK.—Court opened Monday, His Honor, Judge Buxton presiding, with the usual number of lawyers in attendance.

A number of small cases were disposed of up to Wednesday.

H. S. Speas and F. W. Mickey were excused from serving as Jurors.

C. L. Zigler was qualified as an officer of the Grand Jury.

The case of State vs. Willis for bigamy, will come up this term. A large number of witnesses have been summoned and the case will excite some interest.

COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Democratic Convention of Forsyth County, for the purpose of nominating delegates to the State and Judicial Convention, met in the Court House on Tuesday, 14th instant

John Masten, Esq., was called to the Chair, and Geo. M. Mathes requested to act as Secretary

It was moved and adopted that the Chair appoint five or more delegates from each township to represent the county in the District Convention to be held in Yadkinville on the 8th of June, to nominate a Judge and Solicitor for the District, and ten or more delegates to represent the county in the State Convention at Raleigh, on the 13th of June.

A motion was made, and carried that any Democrat from this county attending either Convention, be considered a delegate.

A resolution was offered declaring C. B. Watson, Esq., as the choice of the county for Solicitor, which was withdrawn at the request of Mr. Watson, who stated that he could not accept, if nominated.

A resolution declaring John H. Dillard, Esq., of Guilford, as the choice of Forsyth county, for one of the Associate Justices of the Supreme Court.

Resolution declaring Thomas J. Wilson, Esq., as the first choice of this county for the nomination for the Judge of this district was adopted.

The following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That the Democratic-Conservative party of Forsyth be requested to hold township meetings in their several townships, for the purpose of perfecting their organization, and appointing delegates to attend the County Convention, to be held at Winston, on Saturday, the 29th of June, to nominate candidates for the Legislature and County officers.

The Winston *Sentinel* and Salem *Press*, requested to publish the proceedings of this meeting.

The following delegates were appointed to attend the District Convention at Yadkinville, on the 8th of June:

Abbott's Creek.—P W Raper, David Smith, Joab Whicker.

Kernersville.—W G Kerner, Jno L King, Dr E Kerner, Geo Wilson, John Watson, L I Bodenhamer.

Belew's Creek.—R S Linville, John E Clayton, Fuel Fulton, Jacob Fare.

Salem Chapel.—Henry Marshall, F J Valentine, N D Sullivan, Jackson Guthrie.

Bethania.—B L Bitting, R L Cox, Beverly Jones, Sam Stauber, Wm F Clayton.

Old Richmond.—W Payne, Charles Orrender, R A Hauser, James Reed.

Vienna.—H R Lehman, Alex Transou, H J Hauser, Ed Pfaff, A E Conrad.

Lewisville.—L W Springs, Geo Nissen, W J Hauser, Henry Hart, Thos Warner.

South Fork.—Sam'l Alspaugh, John Boyer, Junius Boyer, Wm L Swaim, Wm Ebert.

Broadbay.—Nat Crowder, Alexander Snyder, Wm H Shepperd, John C Smith.

Middle Fork.—Jos W Masten, Dr W P Dicks, S Byerly, Shade Morris, Rob't Gourly.

Old Town.—C H Hauser, J H Cox, J A Styers, J M Richmond, Wm Barnes.

Winston.—J A Bitting, C B Watson, J C Buxton, W B Glenn, G M Mathes, Dr J F Shaffner, E T Blum, Christian Fogle, J A Linebuck, J. W Fries.

The following delegates were appointed to represent the County in the State Convention at Raleigh:

J A Bitting, W B Glenn, G M Mathes, E T Blum, T J Valentine, H Marshall, Dr B Jones, Dr J F Shaffner, Wm Barrow, J C Buxton, C B Watson,

JOHN MASTEN, *Chm'n.*

G M MATHES, *Sec'y.*

WM. P. ORMSBY has in operation the most perfect "phone" yet erected. The circuit extends from Sylvester Miller's residence across Judge Starbuck's lot to Ellis' harness shop; thence to J. Riggs, to Harrison Patterson's, (col.) on Presbyterian Street, to Mr. Wm. Miller's, a distance of 1800 feet. Mr. O., after a deal of experimenting, hands us the following improved plan, for those who may feel interested:

"Take two cigar, or other boxes, and bore for the funnels only on *one side* of the box. Push the tube to about the centre of the box and fasten it there.—Then cut a ¾ inch hole in the opposite side for the string to pass through and so into the raw hide. By this means all the sounding properties of the box are retained.

WAUGHTOWN ITEMS. — Waughtown has a telephone.——The String Band are having a wagon put up, adapted to their business.——Messrs. Nissen are building a very heavy dray for Pfohl & Stockton of Winston.——The greatest stir is among the old notes and claims.——Bess Dick Brown is making things show off pretty well.——The colored people are erecting a house of worship at the West end of town.——The Baptists have constructed a Pool near the meeting-house, at a very strong spring affording some 500 gallons per hour.——The Baptists have no pastor yet; will have service on the 2nd Sabbath of each month at 11 o'clock a. m., and Saturday evening before, as soon as a pastor is secured.

AT the semi-annual re-organization of the Baptist Sabbath School, Sunday, the the following officers were nominated and elected:

Superintendent.—S. H. Everett.

Asst. Superintendents.—Rev. H. A. Brown and A. S. Jones.

Librarian.—I. W. Durham.

Asst. Librarian.—Nat. Allen

Sec. and Treas.—Thomas Wiles.

The time for holding this school was changed for the summer months, from 2 p. m. to 3 p. m.

Cheering words were spoken by the pastor and Mr. Everett, asking for hearty co-operation of one and all in making the school of still more interest and pleasure.

BROWN'S WAREHOUSE was well filled with tobacco, Tuesday, and the competition for the premiums was lively.—Tobacco brought the highest price this season, and the farmers were in better spirits. It is a good thing to excite some interest, both to the buyer and producer, when the the market is dull, and the Warehouse men deserve credit for their energy in making these "big tobacco days" such a succes. We give below the names of the gentlemen who received premiums for superior grades:

First premium, Sewing Machine, awarded to H. T. Moser, of Forsyth, tobacco bringing $57 per 100 pounds.

Second Premium, Cooking Stove, to Martin Ring, of Surry, tobacco bringing $40 per hundred pounds.

Third premium, Saddle and Bridle, to M. W. Strickland of Surry. Tobacco bringing $27

Fourth premium, Walnut Bureau, to G. F. Bowman of Patrick County, Va., tobacco bringing $35.

An Undeniable Truth.

You deserve to suffer, and if you lead a miserable, unsatisfactory life in this beautiful world, it is entirely your own fault and there is only one excuse for you,—your unreasonable prejudice and skepticism, which has killed thousands. Personal knowledge and common sense reasoning will soon show you that Green's August Flower will cure you of Liver Complaint, or Dyspepsia, with all its miserable effects, such as sick headache, palpitation of the heart, sour stomach, habitual prostration, low spirits, &c. Its sales now reach every town on the Western Continent and not a Druggist but will tell you of its wonderful cures. You can buy a Sample Bottle for 10 cents. Three doses will relieve you.

For the PRESS.

Although the majority of your readers will be familiar with the "Pilot," it still may be interesting to them and you to scan this passing sketch from one of a party of fifteen who made a trip to the above on Saturday.

The party contained no ladies, which unfortunately was promptly met by one of the members with the consoling remark that, "*we were without incumbrance*".

After a brisk ride of five hours, we reached the foot of the mountain, where immediately began a busy scene of tent making, wood chopping and cooking, preparatory to those two inconvenient but somewhat necessary luxuries, supper and sleep.

I need scarcely say that the former was anything but an *inconvenience* just there, judging at least from the absence of hesitation with which all present plunged head foremost into baskets of provisions, which, in the *short time allowed for inspection*, seemed for the most part, to be genuine home cooked. Some were fastidious enough to bring a frying pan and raw eggs, but in doing so they had evidently "put their foot in it," for the eggs had been walked on several times on their journey. I do not know if the cook was quite clear as to what he was frying, but he did his best and produced a mixture which no French bill of fare ever rivalled. And although his coffee may not have been up to his standard, in *quality*, I can testify to its being as hot as anything I ever saw, or that he will see, perhaps.

The preparations for sleep were very perfect, but the indulgence in that "balm of hurt-minds" was indeed a failure. Henceforth I can have no respect for the title of the song, "I heard a voice in the tranquil night," unless indeed the author of that song can prove that he never joined a party of fifteen on the Pilot Mountain, whose singing was accompanied by a clarionet and two tin horns, while their laughter seemed to waken up the old Pilot, who shook his sides in concert with them, answering in echoes that made the solitude of our position more apparent.

As the fires burned low, so did the exuberance of the party sink, and one by one the voices dropped from the chorus and at last all seemed to promise a good night's rest; but such was not to be, for after two and a half hours' sleep, the spirit of mischief got the better of one athletic member of the party, and after a little conspiracy with one of his companions, he "hitched up" to a large limb, and took a "bee-line" for the tents of those who were sleeping, while his companion made as much fuss as possible with one pair of lungs, shouting, "Fire! Fire. Wo-ill!"

This of course developed all the latent activity of the camp, and in an instant there appeared an array of faces whose expressions told of all the places between dreams of the judgment day and stampeding horses. With an energy commendable under other circumstances, the "run away" held on his course, until rounding one of the tents he fell over a wagon seat, where he ended his mad career amid general laughter.

This dispersed all idea of further sleep, so we turned our attention to breakfast, which was all over at 3 a. m., and then commenced the climbing of the great hill. At 4 o'clock we were all on the top of the pinnacle, where one of the number tied a list of names in a handkerchief and climbing the flag staff tied it there to float on the wind which came so chill that there was some demand for overcoats.

After exploring all the rocks and recesses in reach, we went upon the "little pinnacle," afterwards taking a general survey of all around. Our early climbing was rewarded by a view of the sun-rise which was very fine.

The descent in this case, as almost in all others, was somewhat more difficult than the ascent; and, in view of the circulation which your paper would give the question, I would ask,—can there be nothing done to make the ascent and descent easier and safer, more especially to bring their accomplishment within the reach of ladies?

Collecting some splendid specimens of ferns, we took our way down the mountain and reached our camp at 8 a. m.

Partaking of a light repast, it was proposed, recorded and carried that the writer should send this sketch to you, after which we bid farewell to the grand old sentinel of the "Old North State" and turned towards home, bearing pleasantest recollections of our trip and nothing if no speed condition.

For the benefit of one, and appreciation of all my companions, I subscribe myself, yours truly.

YAK.

MARRIED.

On the 9th inst., at the residence of Mr. N. W. Beeson, in Davidson County, by Elder Wm. Turner, Miss ELSIE G. CHARLES to Mr. THEO. L. F. BEESON, late of California.

DIED.

In this place, on the 14th inst., an infant daughter of Parker and Louisa Brashear. Aged about 6 months.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK AT SALEM, IN THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS, MAY 1st, 1878.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts,	$100,190.82
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation,	150,000.00
Other stocks, bonds and mortgages,	3s,285.00
Due from approved reserve agents,	53,029.82
Due from other National Banks,	8,776.43
Real estate, furniture and fixtures,	450.00
Current expenses and taxes paid	803.08
Checks and other cash items,	2,951.40
Bills of other Banks,	300.00
Fractional currency, (including nickels)	386.55
Specie (including gold Treasury certificates,)	8,000.00
Legal-tender notes,	43,000.00
Redemption fund with U.S. Treasurer (5 0-0 of circulation)	6,750.00
Total,	$460,902.40

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in,	$150,000.00
Surplus fund,	30,000.00
Undivided profits,	16,278.02
National Bank notes outstanding,	135,000.00
Individual deposits subject to check,	51,363.82
Time certificates of deposit,	87,260.56
Total,	$469,902.40

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, } COUNTY OF FORSYTH, ss:

I, W. A. LEMLY, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. W. A. LEMLY, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of May, 1878.

W. A. LASH, J. P.

CORRECT—Attest:

J. W. HUNTER, }
J. L. BELO, } Directors.
E. BELO, }

NOTICE.

HAVING qualified as Administrators on the estate of Israel G. Lash, on the 1st day of May, 1878, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and settlement. And all persons having claims against said estate will present them for payment within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

THOS. B. LASH, }
W. A. LASH, } *Administrators of Israel G. Lash.*
W. A. LEMLY, }

May 16, 1878-tf.

NORTH CAROLINA AT GETTYSBURG

Applications are constantly made for copies of the *Observer* containing the article in regard to the conduct of North Carolina troops at Gettysburg. The number of requests for these, from the Northern States especially, has latterly become so great that, being unable to supply them otherwise, it has been determined to publish them in book form.

The papers on the subject will be reprinted just as they appeared in the *Observer*, and will make a volume of some two hundred pages.

The book will be printed on fair white paper, with good clear type, and in paper covers will be sold at 25 cents each; to dealers and canvassers at $15 per hundred.

A library edition will also be made printed on superior paper and handsomely bound, which will be sold at $1 each; to dealers and canvassers at the rate of $60 per hundred.

Single copies of either edition mailed postpaid on receipt of the price.

The book will be ready for delivery in a few weeks. Orders accompanied with cash are solicited. Address

THE OBSERVER, Raleigh, N. C.

THE OBSERVER FOR 1878.

The OBSERVER, a daily and weekly North Carolina Democratic newspaper, printed at the State Capital, and with a circulation beyond question of rivalry, is offered to subscribers at the following rates:—

Daily OBSERVER,	Three months,	$2.00
	Six "	4.00
	Twelve "	8.00
Weekly OBSERVER,	Three "	.50
	Six "	1.00
	Twelve "	2.00

To each person remitting, after this date, direct to this office, $2.00, either for the WEEKLY OBSERVER for one year, or for the DAILY OBSERVER for three months, will be mailed postpaid, on application, a copy of the volume, "North Carolina at Gettysburg," handsomely bound in cloth. It will be ready for delivery in a few weeks.

To each person remitting after this date, direct to this office, $8.00 for the DAILY OBSERVER for one year will be mailed postpaid, on application, the same book and in addition any one of the novels of WALTER SCOTT, Thistle Edition, now completed.

Address THE OBSERVER, Raleigh, N. C.

D. R. LEAK. T. A. WILSON

WINSTON MARBLE & GRANITE WORKS!

The undersigned respectfully announe that they have opened a first-class

MARBLE & GRANITE YARD.

Where they are prepared to furnish

MARBLE HEADSTONES, MONUMENTS, TOMBSTONES, MANTELS, &c., &c., &c.

Granite Work for Building and Grave yard purposes. All Monuments and Tombs executed in the FINEST STYLE. None employed but

SKILLED WORKMEN.

Orders from a distance solicited and promptly filled at prices that cannot be undersold. Designs sent to any one on application, free of charge. Country produce of all kinds taken in exchange for work. All work warranted. Address

LEAK & WILSON.

Winston, N. C., August, 1877.—no.30.

NEW NORTH CAROLINA

HAND BOOK,

a guide for

Justices of the Peace, Clerks, Sheriffs, Registers, Coroner, Constables and other County Officers; including the

LAWS, FORMS AND PRECEDENTS.

BY A MEMBER OF THE RALEIGH BAR.

For sale at the

SALEM BOOK STORE.

NOTICE.

HAVING this day qualified as Administrator of Jacob Whitman, deceased, all persons indebted to the estate of said deceased are requested to make payment to me at once: and all those having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present them duly authenticated on or before the 19th day of April, 1879, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

N. S. COOK,

Public Administrator for Forsyth Co.

April 25, 1878,6t.

SETTLE UP.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having accounts due, that I am in need of money, and hereby request them to come forward promptly and pay me. All accounts not settled up by the 1st day of March, 1878, will be charged with interest.

MRS. E. B. DOUTHIT.

Salem, N. C., Feb. 7, 1878.

ROBERT D. JOHNSTON,

Fashionable Merchant Tailor,

Winston, N. C.,

Keeps constantly on hand a fine line of Foreign and Domestic Cloths, Cassimeres and Suitings.

TWENTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE AS A CUTTER

in New York City, and in this State, enables him to guarantee satisfaction in all goods made to order.

PRICES MODERATE.

HEADQUARTERS

—FOR—

THE BEST FERTILIZERS AND SEEDS!

ALLISON & ADDISON'S

"Star Brand"

Complete TOBACCO and Complete CORN and WHEAT MANURE!

THIRTEEN YEARS' EXPERIENCE AND EXTENDED EXPERIMENTS HAVING satisfied us that the use of fertilizers prepared especially for each staple crop is sound policy and true economy, we will hereafter confine ourselves to the manufacture and sale of the above special manures, which several years' trial has shown to be all that could be desired for the crops for which they are made.

HOME REFERENCES.—We refer with pleasure to more than 150 of the best farmers in Forsyth, Guilford, Stokes, Surry, Patrick, Henry, Wilkes, Yadkin, Iredell, Davie, Davidson and Rowan counties, who used it last year.

THEY ALL SAY IT IS THE BEST THEY EVER USED!

It is the highest grade fertilizer yet made. We also keep fresh GROUND PLASTER, $1.50 per bag of 200 lbs; $14.00 per ton; No. 1 PERUVIAN GUANO. WE DO NOT KEEP LOBOS OR ANY LOW GRADE PERUVIAN GUANO. "STAR BRAND" COMPLETE MANURE, for Tobacco, Wheat and Corn sold at Richmond prices with freight and drayage added.

We solicit a continuance of your patronage.

ALLISON & ADDISON, MANUFACTURERS, RICHMOND, Va.
HINSHAW & CO., GENERAL AGENTS, WINSTON, N. C.

April 11. 15-2m

J. R. PIERCE. Of Lash's Warehouse.
P. H. HANES, Of P. H. Hanes & Co.
R. D. BROWN Of Brown & Bro.

LEAF TOBACCO.

LASH'S WAREHOUSE,

1877. WINSTON, N. C. 1877.

Industry, Competition and Close Application to Business

WITH A FIXED PURPOSE TO SPAND BY THE FARMER'S INTEREST.

Having taken full control of LASH'S WAREHOUSE, we hope by STRICT PERSONAL ATTENTION TO BUSINESS, to merit a continuance of the liberal patronage this House has always enjoyed.

☞ We strive to please our patrons. COME AND SEE US when you visit Winston. YOUR FRIENDS,

PIERCE, HANES & BROWN.

December 6. 1877—6 mo.

NOTION & VARIETY STORE,

SOUTH SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE,

SALEM, N. C.

LADIES:

Anticipating a fine trade this season, we have bought largely, and now have the pleasure of inviting your attention to

AN ATTRACTIVE SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

at prices surprisingly cheap.

A beautiful line of Galloon and Hercules Braids, Ball and other Worsted Fringes, so much in demand for Cloak and Dress Trimmings.

Newest styles in Buttons, Gloves, Hosiery, Ribbons, Laces, Neckwear, &c.

A full line of Zephyrs, Germantown and Shetland Wools always on hand.

Have just added to our Stock a nice line of Perfumeries, Hair Oils, &c.

We call particular attention to our beautiful line of Glass and Lava Ware, suitable for Christmas and Birthday presents *just received*, consisting of Toilet Setts, Vases, Card Stands

☞ Those at a distance will be amply repaid by a visit to our Store.

In the selection of Goods the interest of the customer is kept constantly in view, knowing that taking care of those who buy of us is equivalent to taking care of ourselves, that is, winning our customers' confidence and their continued patronage.

Respectfully,

tf. **J. BLICKENDERFER.**

M. W. NORFLEET. T. L. VAUGHN

PIEDMONT WAREHOUSE,

FOR THE

SALE OF LEAF TOBACCO,

WINSTON, N. C.

The Largest and Best Lighted House in the State.

NORFLEET & VAUGHN.

November 29, 1877. 6 mos.

A NEW STOCK OF

Spring and Summer Goods

AT MRS. DOUTHIT'S.

SPRING AND SUMMER, 1878.

HAVING OPENED A NEW AND SPLENDID ASSORTMENT of Goods in my line, I offer them at such prices as bring them within the means of all to purchase the LATEST STYLES of NEW SPRING AND SUMMER HATS AND BONNETS, SASHES, RIBBONS, LACES AND EDGINGS, RUFFS AND RUFFLING. A large assortment of

LADIES' TIES, LINEN AND LACE COLLARS,

KID & BERLIN GLOVES, BRAIDS & SWITCHES, HOSIERY & CORSETS,

NOTIONS.

COLGATE'S FINE TOILET SOAPS, and many other articles in my line.

A lot of best twilled SILK PARASOLS and SUN PROTECTORS, SHETLAND WOOL FRINGE, &c. &c.

Mrs. Douthit returns thanks for the very liberal encouragement received, and hopes to be able to please her friends and the public, in future.

Salem, N. C., Oct. 25th, 1877.

POETRY.

The Riches of the Mind.

BY CARLE BURS.

One day I asked a veteran—
A wise and philosphic man—
"Where can I riches find? Tell me
The secret of prosperity."

White was his hair with age and thought,
And time had many wrinkles wrought
Upon his face, but still the light
Of reason beautified his sight.

"Seek ye," he asked, "the power of gold?"
I answered, "Poverty is cold,
And I would riches own to buy
The peace and comfort constantly."

"My son," the old man sweetly said,
"Sorrow oft makes the rich man's bed,
While peace reposes on the mountain crest,
And simple comfort crowns his lot."

"Think not that gold—all glittering thing
Unaided to the heart can bring
True joy." He paused, and on my head
His hand did kindly lay, and said:

"Man is he who wealth may own
By deeds of love, not for self alone;
Who aids the poor, who soothes distress
And sorrow turns to happiness.

"True wealth is neither gold nor lands,
But in the work of honest hands
'Tis found, and in the will to do
Whatever right shall ask us to.

"The richest man is poor indeed
If he of virtue stands in need;
If, though he drain the golden bowl,
He lack the riches of his soul.

"My son, if you would comfort find,
Seek ye the riches of the mind;
They will remain with you for aye—
The wealth that passeth not away.

"If, then, fair lands and gold be thine,
They'll prove a blessing all divine,
For they will give you power to bless
Your fellow men with happiness."

Long years have passed away since then,
But those words have remembered been;
And now I bless the memory,
Of him who uttered them to me.

HUMOROUS.

A Cynic Defines a Philanthropist.

"Does any of de gen'leman understandin' what ferlanthropy means?" asked brudder Gardner as he rose up and folded his arms across his noble breast. It was a long time before Fenix Smead lifted his body and replied: "I 'spect dat a ferlantherpist am a pusson dat feels a heap sorry for de poor, an' is allers wantin' to better de condition ob his nayburs." "You is mo' dan six-fifths korect," continued the president. "De ferlantherpist sits down hyar a rousin' good fire an' tells dey-self dat he wishes dat everybody else had such a fire. He thanks de Lawdy out of his basket he duz not freeze. He only once in a while goes out into de cole, but he figures up some schemes by which all de money an' all de property is to be divided up somehow, so dat every man dollar will have a man an' every gal dollar. If he hears dat any one starved to death, he figures up de amount ob de grain crop, divides de bushels by de number ob paper-backs, an' makes it plain dat every pusson is 'titled to over thirty bushels of wheat dis yar. De ferlantherpist wishes dat de po' chil'en had clothes, but he don't buy 'em cloze. He wishes dat all de bad folks would reform, but he don't walk 'roun' among dem for fear of gittin' de shine off'n his boots. He undertakes to boss de crippled an' aged an' unfortunate, an' nex' day signs a petition to have de armed soldier out'n a position paying a dollar a day. Gemmen, de called race am graded down even below de Turk, but I is ob de sollum opinun dat a good square nigger am forty rods ahed of a ferlantherpist, an' gittin' mighty nigh a jump."

—*Detroit Free Press*

WHENCE HIS WEALTH.—One of the richest Chinamen in this city is doubtless Mr. Chew Kow Yup, who came to this city a penniless Mongolian thief about seven years ago. All his wealth has been obtained by committing to memory four simple words, "You save me leper." The second night after his arrival he broke into a goods store, and was just carrying away his booty, when a policeman collared him, and prepared to march him down to the Citadel (he made no resistance), but innocently remarked: "You save me leper," and Officer Mulligan fled wildly toward North Beach, giving his prisoner the opportunity to steal seven more pieces of clothing. He promptly was only once arrested, being then charged with a wholesale diamond robbery, and when asked to plead guilty or not, he simply repeated the words of his charm, in a voice at once plaintiff and full of expression. The court was cleared in less than forty seconds, two of the jury leaving their hats behind, and the Judge his gold spectacles, all of which Chew Kow Yup appropriated together with the loose change in the clerks drawer. The wealthy heathen is entirely free from leprosy, and will sail in the next steamer for Hong Kong with about $50,000.

A tender swain reproached his fair one with letting a rival kiss her—a fact which she indignantly denied. "But I saw it reported in the papers." "Nay then," cried the offended beauty, "I am now convinced that you do not love me, since you believe your eyes in preference to my word."

Number two is also a cool player. A gentleman kissed a lady friend in a fit of gallantry. She theatrically drew her glove off and dropped it on the floor. "Why do you do that?" then asked. "Oh," she replied, "I never wear soiled gloves." "And I," said he, picking it up, and putting in the fire, "don't like to see dirty things lying about."

A German in Newark, attempting to blow several hundred cubic feet of air into a life-preserver without any appreciable result. A fellow-passenger called his attention to the fact that there was a large rent at the other end of the bag. "Ish dot so?" said he. "Don't keeps mine vind in my pody." There was practical wisdom!

AGRICULTURAL.

Plantation Work for May.

We offer the following notes for the month:

PLOWING AFTER A RAIN.—Do not plow crops immediately after a rain, as it compacts the soil and will damage it for after cultivation, for years.

HOW TO DESTROY CATERPILLARS.—Sprinkle the web with a little kerosene oil and in a few hours the whole are dead. This is a simple remedy; one that all can readily use, and the saving of cholera will pay a hundred fold.—Farmers try it.

OATS AND PEAS AS FORAGE.—Oats and peas sown together make an excellent and nutritive fodder. One acre sown with these mixed, will make as much hay as acres if sown separately. Quantity for sowing, about 2 bushels of oats and 6 bushels of peas to an acre. Roll the land so that it may be cut with a mower. The oats support the peas and prevent lodging.

LATE CORN.—Plant all bottom lands if dry enough. Good authority states that the Currituck variety will make a good crop if planted as late as June in our climate. This is a great advantage to all corn cropping farmers who may be late in planting.

CHUFA AND MILLET.—Chufa and millet, the one for fattening hogs and the other for forage for cattle, may be planted this month. Remember that the sprouts or draws from the chufa may be sorted like sweet potato slips and will do as well as the "seed." To those who have only a small quantity of tubers, this fact will enable them to largely extend the crop.

STANDING WATER.—Health is all important to the farmer and his family at all times, but especially is it so during the working season. He must, however, look for sickness in some form, if standing water is allowed to remain about his premises and poison the air.—It is cheaper to drain than to be sick.—So drain all standing water and keep the immediate and surrounding premises clear of all substances that by decay or exhalation neutralizes the healthy oxygen of the air or spreads upon the summer breeze, the seed of death into your innermost chamber.

SETTING OUT SWEET POTATOES.—Slips of sweet potatoes should be set out this month from the planted bed, watering them freely if necessary and covering cold nights. An excellent plan for planting out the slips, is, to take a box, a keg or hogshead and fill it with corn cobs, then add liquid manure (water alone will do) until all the cobs are covered. Let them get fully saturated, and when setting out, wrap the slips a time or two around the cob and bury it in the ridge or hill, leaving an end of the vine out to grow. This plan may take a little trouble, but it is one that will insure a crop, perhaps more certainly and abundantly than any other.

CARE OF WORKING STOCK.—The beasts of burden that help the farmer in his labors, should receive during this season great care and attention in watering, feeding and rubbing. The demands upon the physical power and endurance of these animals, at this season, is sometimes too great. No merciful farmer will do this. Regular, prudent, kind treatment to such animals, is not only dictated by humanity, but it pays the farmer to see to all these little necessities of his laboring stock.

CHICKENS AND ORCHARDS.—The amount of good done by the chickens among fruit trees can hardly be estimated. We completely conquered the canker worms in an orchard of 200 trees of 20 years' growth by enlarging a flock of fifty chickens or so in the midst of the lot, not to mention the ceaseless missionary work undertaken by the biddies in scratching around the roots and gobbling the surrounding grubs and flies. We also preserve all the buds after pruning, by grudging them a few cherries and berries. And now the busy allies build under the house, and amply reward us for an occasional kind kindness shown them.

The veil which covers the face of futurity was woven by the hand of Mercy.

Thomas Jefferson's birthplace, "Shadwell," in Virginia, is about to be sold at public sale.

Ladies in Berlin have bells on their neck. In this country it is not unusual to see them with belles on their arms.

The white troops of the State have been ordered to parade on the 20th of May next, and annually on that day hereafter.

A young lawyer, who had been admitted about a year, was asked by a friend: "How do you like your new profession?" The reply was accompanied with a sigh to suit the occasion: "My PROFESSION is much better than my PRACTICE."

The following dialogue is said to have taken place recently between a married couple on their travels: "My dear, are you comfortable in that corner?" "Quite, thank you, my dear." "Sure there's plenty of room for your feet?" "Quite sure, love." "And no cold air from the window in your ear?" "Quite certain darling." "Then, my dear, I'll change places with you."

VEGETINE
FOR DROPSY.

CENTRAL FALLS, R. I., Oct. 19, 1877.

DR. H. R. STEVENS:—

It is a pleasure to give my testimony for your valuable medicine. I was sick for a long time with *Dropsy*, under the doctor's care. He said it was *Water* between the *Heart* and *Liver*. I received no benefit until I commenced taking the Vegetine; in fact I was growing worse. I have tried many remedies; they did not help me. VEGETINE is the Medicine for *Dropsy*. I began to feel better after taking a few bottles. I have taken thirty bottles in all. I am perfectly well, never felt better. No one can feel more thankful than I do.

I am, dear sir, gratefully yours,
A. D. WHEELER.

VEGETINE.—When the blood becomes lifeless and stagnant, either from change of weather or of climate, want of exercise, irregular diet, or from any other cause, the VEGETINE will renew the blood, carry off the putrid humors, cleanse the stomach, regulate the bowels, and impart a tone of vigor to the whole body.

VEGETINE.
For Kidney Complaint and Nervous Debility.

ISLESBORO, Me., Dec. 28, 1877.

Mr. Stevens:—

Dear Sir:—I had had a *cough*, for eighteen years, when I commenced taking the VEGETINE. I was very low; my system was debilitated by disease. I had the *Kidney complaint*, and was very *nervous—cough* bad, *lungs* sore. When I had taken one bottle I found it was helping me; it has helped my cough, and it strengthens me.—I am now able to do my work. Never have found any thing like VEGETINE. I know it is every thing it is recommended to be.

MRS. A. J. PENDLETON.

VEGETINE is purifying and strengthening; purifies the blood, regulates the bowels; quiets the nervous system; acts directly upon the secretions; and arouses the whole system to action.

VEGETINE.
For Sick Headache.

EVANSVILLE, IND., Jan. 1, 1878.

Mr. STEVENS:—

Dear Sir:—I harnessed your VEGETINE for *Sick Headache*, and been greatly benefitted thereby. I have every reason to believe it to be a good medicine.

Yours very respectfully,
MRS. JAMES CONNER, 411 Third St.

HEADACHE.—There are various causes for headache, as derangement of the circulating system, of the digestive organs, of the nervous system, &c. VEGETINE can be said to be a sure remedy for the many kinds of headache, as it acts directly upon the various causes of this complaint. Nervousness, Indigestion, Costiveness, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Billiousness, &c. Try the VEGETINE. You will never regret it.

VEGETINE.
Doctor's Report.

Dr. CHAS. M. DUDDENHAUSEN, Apothecary, Evansville, Ind.

The doctor writes: I have a large number of good customers who tak Vegetine. They all speak well of it. I know it is a good *medicine* for complaints for which it is recommended.

Dec. 27, 1877.

VEGETINE is a great panacea for our aged fathers and mothers; it gives them strength and quets their nerves, and gives them Nature's sweet sleep.

VEGETINE.
Doctor's Report.

H. R. STEVENS, Esq:—

Dear Sir:—We have been selling your valuable Vegetine for three years, and we find that it gives perfect satisfaction. We believe it to be the best blood purifier now sold. Very respectfully,

Dr. J. E. BROWN & CO., Druggists,
Uniontown, Ky.

VEGETINE has never failed to effect a cure, giving tone and strength to the system debilitated by disease.

VEGETINE
Prepared by
H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.

Vegetine is Sold by All Druggists.

LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE.
AN ILLUSTRATED MONTHLY OF
Literature, Science and Art.

ANNOUNCEMENT FOR 1878.

With the number for January, this magazine commences its 21st volume. During the ten years of its existence it has won a high place in periodical literature, and its conductors will spare no efforts in the future to maintain its reputation, constantly aiming to supply their patrons with a fund of

The Best and Most Attractive Reading,

EMBRACING
SERIAL & SHORT STORIES, SKETCHES OF TRAVEL AND ADVENTURE, ESSAYS IN POPULAR QUESTIONS OF THE DAY, POEMS, REVIEWS, &c.

In announcing the publication of the new year, the publishers would call attention to the SERIAL NOVELS, embracing "FOR PERCIVAL," a charming story of English life, handsomely illustrated, and A NEW AMERICAN STORY, by ELLEN W. OLNEY, the talented author of "Love in Idleness," which will be commenced on the conclusion of "For Percival."

A series of ILLUSTRATED ARTICLES, embracing several on SOUTH-EASTERN EUROPE, (including *Bulgaria* and *Roumania*,) by Edward King; Descriptions of OLD ENGLISH TOWNS, by able contributors; Descriptions of Parts of SWEDEN, by Professor JAMES A. HARRISON; Sketches of Life in NORWAY, by OLIVE LOGAN; Some Account of the ITALIAN LAKES, by ROBERT A. MCLEOD, etc.

PARISIAN FRENCH LIFE AND MANNERS, by HENRY JAMES, Jr.; THE WIND ROVER COUNTRY, especially interesting on account of the Indian troubles, by Gen. J. S. BRISBIN, U. S. A.; JUDGE NICHOLAS, of Kentucky, by PAUL R. SHIPMAN, and on various subjects by S. WEIR MITCHELL, M.D., Sarah B. WIISTER, EDWARD C. BRUCE, Rev. LEONARD W. BACON, and others.

SPECIAL OFFER.—$5.00 in Value for $4.00.

The Serial Story "For Percival," having been commenced in October, the numbers for OCTOBER, NOVEMBER and DECEMBER will be furnished gratuitously to all new subscribers for 1878.

FOR SALE BY ALL BOOK AND NEWS DEALERS.

TERMS—Yearly Subscription, $4.00; Two Copies, $7.00; Three Copies, $10.00; Five Copies, $16.00; Ten Copies, $30.00, with a copy gratis to the person procuring the club. Single Number, 35 cents.

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RICHMOND & DANVILLE R. R. DIVISION.

In effect on and after Sunday, Nov. 11, 1877.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

*Meal Stations.	No 1 Daily.	No. 3 Daily.
Leave Greensboro.	3 05 p m	8 26 a m
Arrive at Salisbury,	7 17 p m	10 21 a m
" Air Line Junct'n,	8 56 p m	12 00 p m
" Charlotte	9 23 p m	12 25 p m

No. 1.—Connects at Air Line Junction for Atlanta and all points in the South and Southwest; At Charlotte with C. C. & A. R. R. for all points in the South and Southeast and Florida points.

No. 3.—Connects at Salisbury with W. N. C. R. R., for all points in Western North Carolina; at Charlotte with C. C. & A. R. R. for Columbia and South, and A. & C. A. Line for Atlanta and the Southwest.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

*MEAL STATIONS.	No. Daily.	No. 4 Daily.
Leave Greensboro	11 16 a m	10 41 p m
Arrive at Danville,	1 12 p m	12 50 a m
Ar. Burkeville,	5 14 p m	4 40 a m
Ar. Belle Isle	7 20 p m	7 03 a m
Ar. Richmond,	7 45 p m	7 30 a m

No. 2.—Connects at Burkeville with A. M. and O. R. R. for Petersburg, &c.; at Belle Isle with Richmond, Fredricksburg and Potomac R. R., for all points North, East and West; At Richmond with C. & O. R. R. for all points West.

North Carolina Railroad Division.

TRAINS GOING EAST.	No 2 Daily	No. 4 Daily.
Leave Greensboro,	11 20 a. m.	.....
Arrive Raleigh,	4 10 p m.	.....
Leave Raleigh,	4 20 p. m.	9 30 a m.
Arrive Goldsboro.	8 45 p. m.	12 00 m.
TRAINS GOING WEST	No. 1 Daily	No. 3 Daily
Leave Goldsboro,	7 30 a. m.	4 00 p. m.
Arrive at Raleigh	12 10 p m	6 30 p m
Leave Raleigh,	12 20 p m	.....
Arrive Greensboro,	4 52 p m	.....

SALEM BRANCH.

Leave Salem, daily except Sunday		8 10 a m
Arrive at Greensboro,	"	10 18 am
Leave Greensboro,	"	5 40 p m
Arrive at Salem	"	7 40 p m

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Of the story element, the brightest feature is the beginning of the new serial by Miss ALCOTT, entitled "Under the Lilacs," with illustrations by Mary Hallock Foote.

The Christmas Number contains also the opening of a new Serial Story for Boys, a tale of tropical life, entitled "Tower-Mountain," by GUSTAVUS FRANKENSTEIN, admirably illustrated by the artists MORAN and KELLY; "A Portrait of Miss Alcott" with a sketch of her life; several poems by Two Little American Girls; a Play, and a Christmas Carol (set to music); and half a dozen complete short stories, bright, funny, exciting and pathetic, &c., &c.

The New Cover is by the English Artist, WALTER CRANE,—the famous designer of The Baby's Opera.

St. Nicholas for 1878.

Besides Miss Alcott's serial for Girls, and the three serials for Boys, to follow each other in rapid succession, will contain a short story by the author of "The Schonbergcotta Family;" and an article, "Around the World in a Yacht, Boys!" has been promised by a brilliant writer, now on the actual tour of the world in his own yacht. There will be contributions by a Daughter of the Famous Peter Parley, and a Letter to Young Americans by GEORGE MACDONALD.

The "HOW" Series of instructive papers, by various authors, will tell HOW to bind your own books; HOW they mine coal; HOW to enjoy yourself at home; HOW to be an agreeable guest; HOW to entertain company; HOW to be a carpenter; HOW to make an ice-boat; HOW to build a lugger; HOW India rubber is gathered; HOW matches are made; HOW money is made; HOW mustangs are caught; HOW they laid the Atlantic cable; HOW they mine in California; HOW they work in the tea-country; HOW to be a parlor magician; etc. There will be also a series of stories and sketches of Foreign Life.

TRAVEL AND ADVENTURE,
such as Old Nicola, (a Russian story,) A Day among the Welsh Castles, Easter in Germany, The Indians of the Amazon, How Kitty was Lost in a Russian Bazaar, Master Montezuma, (a Mexican story,) Hansa, the Lapp Maiden, and many others.

"Jack-in-the-Pulpit," Young Contributors' Department; Letter-Box; Riddle-Box, and For Very Little Folks, will be continued.

The four bound volumes of ST. NICHOLAS already published are the most wonderful, beautiful and attractive Christmas Presents for Young People. Each volume is complete in itself. Vols. 1 and 2, $3.00 each; vols. 3 and 4, $4.00 each.

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FOR 1878.

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First-Class Newspaper.

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The Local Department will be as complete and reliable as possible.

The State and General News will have a large share of attention.

The Farmer will find our Agricultural Department as practical and useful as we can make it. We request all our friends to send us statements of the result of experiments with their crops and we will publish them for the benefit of our readers.

The Markets will be given, carefully corrected every week.

Liberal commissions given to Agents, who will canvass in good faith.

We earnestly request the co-operation of *every subscriber, friend* or *reader* of the paper in extending its circulation.

L. V. & E. T. BLUM.

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ESTABLISHED
NOVEMBER, 1827.

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